ZPOOL: Grow a zpool by adding new device(s)

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```
# Tested on RHEL 6 & 7



# Even if ZFS can use individual slices or partitions, it is
recommended to use whole disks.



# -----------------------------------------------------------------
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# Extending a concat zpool
# -----------------------------------------------------------------
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POOLNAME=c_pool
POOLMNTP=/c_pool
DEVICE01=/dev/sdd


# Given following zpool:

zpool status $POOLNAME
    pool: c_pool
   state: ONLINE
    scan: none requested
  config:


        NAME          STATE      READ WRITE CKSUM
        c_pool        ONLINE        0     0     0
```

```
              sdb          ONLINE        0      0      0
              sdc          ONLINE        0      0      0


   errors: No known data errors



zpool list $POOLNAME
   NAME       SIZE   ALLOC    FREE    CAP  DEDUP  HEALTH  ALTROOT
   c_pool   19.9G    104K   19.9G     0%  1.00x  ONLINE  -




# Extend zpool

zpool add $POOLNAME $DEVICE01

# If you have an error like this one:

   invalid vdev specification
   use '-f' to override the following errors:
   /dev/sdd does not contain an EFI label but it may contain
partition
   information in the MBR.

# you should use '-f' option to create the pool - first ensure that
disk(s) are the
# right one(s):

# zpool add -f $POOLNAME $DEVICE01




# Check

zpool status $POOLNAME
     pool: c_pool
 state: ONLINE
    scan: none requested
```

```
    config:

            NAME            STATE      READ WRITE CKSUM
            c_pool          ONLINE        0     0     0
              sdb           ONLINE        0     0     0
              sdc           ONLINE        0     0     0
              sdd           ONLINE        0     0     0   <----


    errors: No known data errors



zpool list $POOLNAME
   NAME      SIZE   ALLOC   FREE    CAP   DEDUP   HEALTH   ALTROOT
   c_pool   29.8G   166K   29.8G    0%   1.00x   ONLINE   -




# ------------------------------------------------------------------
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# Extending a mirrored zpool
# ------------------------------------------------------------------
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POOLNAME=m_pool
SUBMIRR1=/dev/sdd
SUBMIRR2=/dev/sde


# Given following zpool:

zpool status $POOLNAME
     pool: m_pool
    state: ONLINE
     scan: none requested
   config:


            NAME            STATE      READ WRITE CKSUM
```

```
              m_pool       ONLINE        0     0     0
                mirror-0  ONLINE        0     0     0
                  sdb      ONLINE        0     0     0
                  sdc      ONLINE        0     0     0


   errors: No known data errors
```

zpool list $POOLNAME
```
   NAME      SIZE   ALLOC   FREE    CAP  DEDUP  HEALTH  ALTROOT
   m_pool  9.94G    100K  9.94G     0%  1.00x  ONLINE  -
```


Extend zpool

zpool add $POOLNAME mirror $SUBMIRR1 $SUBMIRR2

If you have an error like this one:

```
   invalid vdev specification
   use '-f' to override the following errors:
   /dev/sdd does not contain an EFI label but it may contain
partition
   information in the MBR.
```

you should use '**-f**' option to create the pool - first ensure that
disk(s) are the
right one(s):

zpool add -f $POOLNAME mirror $SUBMIRR1 $SUBMIRR2

Check

zpool status $POOLNAME
```
     pool: m_pool
    state: ONLINE
```

```
   scan: none requested
config:

        NAME          STATE     READ WRITE CKSUM
        m_pool        ONLINE       0     0     0
          mirror-0    ONLINE       0     0     0
            sdb       ONLINE       0     0     0
            sdc       ONLINE       0     0     0
          mirror-1    ONLINE       0     0     0
            sdd       ONLINE       0     0     0   <----
            sde       ONLINE       0     0     0   <----


errors: No known data errors




zpool list $POOLNAME
  NAME     SIZE   ALLOC    FREE     CAP  DEDUP   HEALTH  ALTROOT
  m_pool  19.9G    104K   19.9G      0%  1.00x   ONLINE  -
```

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