How to use yum-cron to automatically update RHEL/CentOS Linux

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he yum command line tool is used to install and update software packages under
RHEL / CentOS Linux server. I know how to apply updates using
, but I would like to use cron to update packages where appropriate manually. How do
I configure yum to install software patches/updates

You need to install yum-cron package. It provides files needed to run yum updates as a cron job. Install this package if you want auto yum updates nightly via cron.

Type the following

on:

\$ sudo yum install yum-cron

[root@centos7-box ~]# yum -y install yum-cron Resolving Dependencies > Running transaction check > Package yum-cron.noarch 0:3.4.3-154.el7.centos.1 will be installed > Finished Dependency Resolution Dependencies Resolved				
Package	Arch	Version	Repository	Size
Installing: yum-cron	noarch	3.4.3-154.el7.centos.1	updates	62 k
Transaction Summary				
Install 1 Package Total download size: Installed size: 51 k Downloading packages yum-cron-3.4.3-154.e Running transaction Running transaction Transaction test suc Running transaction Installing : yum-c	62 kB 00	:00:00 1/1		
<pre>Verifying : yum-cron-3.4.3-154.el7.centos.1.noarch 1/1 Installed: yum-cron.noarch 0:3.4.3-154.el7.centos.1 Complete! [root@centos7-box ~]#</pre>				

Turn on service using systemctl command on CentOS/RHEL 7.x:

\$ sudo systemctl enable yum-cron.service

\$ sudo systemctl start yum-cron.service

\$ sudo systemctl status yum-cron.service

If you are using CentOS/RHEL 6.x, run:

\$ sudo chkconfig yum-cron on

\$ sudo service yum-cron start

```
[root@centos7-box ~]# systemctl enable yum-cron.service
[root@centos7-box ~]#
[root@centos7-box ~]# systemctl start yum-cron.service
[root@centos7-box ~]# systemctl status yum-cron.service
> yum-cron.service - Run automatic yum updates as a cron job
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/yum-cron.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
Active: active (exited) since Sat 2018-02-03 00:52:34 IST; 3s ago
Process: 3375 ExecStart=/bin/touch /var/lock/subsys/yum-cron (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Main PID: 3375 (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
Feb 03 00:52:34 centos7-box systemd[1]: Starting Run automatic yum updates as a cron job...
Feb 03 00:52:34 centos7-box systemd[1]: Started Run automatic yum updates as a cron job.
[root@centos7-box ~]#
```

yum-cron is an alternate interface to yum. Very convenient way to call yum from cron. It provides methods to keep repository metadata up to date, and to check for, download, and apply updates. Rather than accepting many different command line arguments, the different functions of yum-cron can be accessed through config files.

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You need to edit /etc/yum/yum-cron.conf and /etc/yum/yum-cron-hourly.conf files using a text editor such as vi command:

\$ sudo vi /etc/yum/yum-cron.conf

Make sure updates should be applied when they are available

apply_updates = yes

You can set the address to send email messages from. Please note that 'localhost' will be replaced with the value of system_name.

email_from = root@localhost

List of addresses to send messages to.

email_to = your-it-support@some-domain-name

Name of the host to connect to to send email messages.

email_host = localhost

If you to not want to update kernel package add the following on CentOS/RHEL 7.5:

exclude=kernel*

For RHEL/CentOS 6.x add

YUM_PARAMETER=kernel*

. You also need to update /etc/yum/yum-cron-hourly.conf

file if you want to apply update hourly. Otherwise /etc/yum/yum-cron.conf will run on

daily using the following cron job (us \$ cat /etc/cron.daily/0yum-daily.cron Sample outputs:

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